Diagnostic Commentaries for Year 6 Spelling Example Questions

Exar	Example 1				
>	I am the	person in my class.			
Diagnostic commentary					
Corr	ect	1 mark – 85%			
Overview of performance		This question assesses the Years 3 and 4 statutory requirement: the /n/ sound spelt ou. In the word youngest, the /n/ sound is spelt ou. While the majority of pupils were able to write youngest correctly, just over a tenth of pupils (13 per cent) misspelt young , for example, writing yongest or yungest. Only five per cent of pupils misspelt the suffix -est which is added to young to form the superlative: for example, writing youngist or yungist.			
lowe	hieving	1 mark – 52%			
pupi		Misspelling young – 42%			
		Misspelling the suffix -est - 20%			
mide		1 mark – 90%			
	chieving oupils	Misspelling young – 9%			
higher achieving pupils		1 mark – 99%			
Othe	ther words	Words with the /n/ sound spelt ou	Words with the suffix –est		
		country doubling touched troubles	funniest hottest shortest widest		

Example 2 > palm Count the jigsaw pieces in the _ of your hand. **Diagnostic commentary** 1 mark – 85% Overview of This question assesses the Years 5 and 6 statutory requirement: words with 'silent' letters (i.e. letters performance whose presence cannot be predicted from the pronunciation of the word). The most common error made by pupils was to **substitute the letter** *r* **for the silent** *l* in the word, which nine per cent of pupils did, writing parm or parme, for instance. lower 1 mark – 49% achieving Substituting the letter r for the silent l - 33%pupils middle 1 mark – 91% achieving pupils higher 1 mark - 99% achieving pupils

Other words	Words with 'silent' letters (i.e. letters whose presence cannot be predicted from the pronunciation of the word)
	half folk salmon would

Example 3

>

You need to train hard to be a good ______gymnast ____.

Diagnostic commentary		
Correct	1 mark – 79%	
Overview of performance This question assesses the Years 3 and 4 statutory requirement: the /ɪ/ sound spelt y elsewhere the end of words. Just over one in ten pupils (12 per cent) misspelt the y (for example, writing gimnast or gyim while five per cent of pupils misspelt the /dʒ/ sound represented by the letter g (for exam writing jymnast).		
lower	1 mark – 42%	
achieving pupils	Misspelling y – 42%	
	Misspelling the /dʒ/ sound represented by the letter g – 16%	
middle achieving pupils	1 mark – 83%	
higher achieving pupils	1 mark – 97%	

Other words	Words with the $\frac{1}{}$ sound spelt $\frac{y}{}$ elsewhere than at the end of words	Words with the $d3/s$ sound spelt g
	Egyptian mystery mythology pyramid	college large page strange

Exar	nple 4		
>	I had were si	mistaken the peaches for apricots because they milar.	
Diag	nostic con	nmentary	
Correct 1 mark – 82%			
Overview of performance		This question assesses the Years 3 and 4 statutory requirement: adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words of more than one syllable. The suffix –en is added to the word mistake to form mistaken. When the suffix is added, the final e in mistake has to be dropped. Less than a tenth of pupils (8 per cent) misspelt the suffix –en, for example, writing mistakan or mistackin. The same proportion (8 per cent) misspelt mis at the start of the word, often writing miss.	
lowe	eving	1 mark – 48%	
pupi		Misspelling the suffix -en - 28%	
		Misspelling mis – 25%	
mide achie pupi	eving	1 mark – 85%	
high achi pupi	eving	1 mark – 98%	

Other words	Other words	Words with the suffix –en	Words beginning with <i>mis</i>
		broken hidden spoken written	misbehave mischief mislead misplace